



Java – wait()/notify()/notifyAll()

```
this.wait() {  
    unlock()  
    put_thread_in_wait_state() // no longer on the CPU  
    lock()  
}
```



Java – wait()/notify()/notifyAll()

```
object.wait() {  
  unlock()  
  put_thread_in_wait_state() // no longer on the cpu  
  lock()  
}
```

This means wait only works when you have a lock (synchronized)





Java – wait()/notify()/notifyAll()

this.

object.notify() {

thread = pick_random_thread_waiting_on_object()
move_from_wait_to_running(thread)

}



Java – wait()/notify()/notifyAll()

this.notifyAll()
object.notifyAll()

Puts all threads that wait on **object** in running state.
Still only one manages to get the lock()



Java – Atomic*

- AtomicInteger
- AtomicLong
- AtomicBoolean
- AtomicFloat
- AtomicReference

- Problem: 32bit/64bit systems (+ other architectures)
 - Copying an element of 64bit in a 32 bit system takes two operations
 - Someone can read only part of a variable

- Atomic* makes sure all operations are atomic (no in between operation reads)
- Offers getAndSet/getAndIncrement type atomic operations